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PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW		Docket Number (Optional)		
		IHN.051.WUS		
I hereby certify that this correspondence is being deposited with the	Application Number Filed			
United States Postal Service with sufficient postage as first class mail in an envelope addressed to "Mail Stop AF, Commissioner for Patents, P.O. Box 1450, Alexandria, VA 22313-1450" [37 CFR 1.8(a)]	10/561,642 April 4, 2006			
on	First Named Inventor			
Signature	NEVALAINEN			
	Art Unit		Examiner	
Typed or printed name	2451		Hussain, I.	
Applicant requests review of the final rejection in the above-identified application. No amendments are being filed with this request.				
This request is being filed with a notice of appeal. The review is requested for the reason(s) stated on the attached sheet(s). Note: No more than five (5) pages may be provided.				
l am the				
applicant/inventor.	/Erin	M. Nichols/		
	-		Signature	
assignee of record of the entire interest. See 37 CFR 3.71. Statement under 37 CFR 3.73(b) is enclosed.	Erin	M. Nichols		
(Form PTO/SB/96)	Typed or printed name			
attorney or agent of record. 57,125	952-8	354-2700		
		Tele	ephone number	
attorney or agent acting under 37 CFR 1.34.	July	7, 2009		
Registration number if acting under 37 CFR 1.34			Date	
NOTE: Signatures of all the inventors or assignees of record of the entire interest or their representative(s) are required. Submit multiple forms if more than one signature is required, see below*.				
*Total of forms are submitted.				

This collection of information is required by 35 U.S.C. 132. The information is required to obtain or retain a benefit by the public which is to file (and by the USPTO to process) an application. Confidentiality is governed by 35 U.S.C. 122 and 37 CFR 1.11, 1.14 and 4.15. The will collection is estimated to take 12 minutes complete, including gathering, prespring, and submitting the completed application from to the USPTO. The will vary depending upon the individual case. Any comments on the amount of time you require to complete this form and/or suggestions for reducing this burden, should be sent to the Chief Information Officer, U.S. Patent and Trademark Office, U.S. Department of Commerce, P.D. et al. (1450, Alexander, VA 22313-450). DO NOT SEND FEES OR COMPLETED FORMS TO THIS ADDRESS. SEND TO: Mail Stop A, Commissioner of Patents, P.O. 80 1450, Alexander, VA 22313-4450.

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- 4. A record in this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a contractor of the Agency having need for the information in order to perform a contract. Recipients of information shall be required to comply with the requirements of the Privacy Act of 1974, as amended. pursuant to 5 U.S.C. 552a(m).
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- 7. A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to the Administrator, General Services, or his/her designee, during an inspection of records conducted by GSA as part of that agency's responsibility to recommend improvements in records management practices and programs, under authority of 44 U.S.C. 2904 and 2906. Such disclosure shall be made in accordance with the GSA regulations governing inspection of records for this purpose, and any other relevant (i.e., GSA or Commerce) directive. Such disclosure shall not be used to make determinations about individuals.
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- A record from this system of records may be disclosed, as a routine use, to a Federal, State, or local law enforcement agency, if the USPTO becomes aware of a violation or potential violation of law or regulation.

IN THE UNITED STATES PATENT & TRADEMARK OFFICE

Nevalainen Examiner: Appellant: Hussain, I. Serial No.: 10/561.642 Group Art Unit: 2451 Filed: April 4, 2006 Docket No : IHN 051 WUS

Confirmation No.: 8247 Customer No.: 76385

Title: Method and Device for Determining and Notifying Users Having Matching Preference Profiles for Accessing a Multiple Access Online Application

CERTIFICATE UNDER 37 CFR 1.8: The undersigned hereby certifies that this correspondence is being transmitted to the U.S. Patent and Trademark Office via the Office electronic filing system in accordance with 37 CFR 1.6(a)(4) on

July 7, 2009.

By: /Erin M. Nichols/

Erin M. Nichols

APPELLANT'S STATEMENT IN SUPPORT OF PRE-APPEAL BRIEF REQUEST FOR REVIEW

Mail Stop AF Commissioner for Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

Dear Sir:

This statement is presented by Appellant in compliance with the USPTO OG Notice of 12 July 2005, regarding the New Pre-Appeal Brief Conference Pilot Program. Appellant is requesting a pre-appeal conference on the belief that the rejections of record are clearly not proper and are without basis. Appellant's request is based upon a clear legal or factual deficiency in the rejections, rather than an interpretation of the claims or the prior art teachings. As such, Appellant believes this request for pre-appeal review is appropriate.

Each of the § 103(a) rejections is based at least on the teachings of WO 01/86997 to Varland (hereinafter "Varland") as modified by those of "The Bayou Architecture" by Demers et al. (hereinafter "Demers").

While Appellant has multiple issues for appeal, the primary purpose for submitting this particular request for review concerns omissions of essential elements required for a prima facie obviousness rejection. Although each of the independent claims (Claims 1, 3, 5, 10, 12, 15, 17, and 22) is rejected in the final Office Action (dated January 7, 2009) at least in view of the combination of Varland and Demers, neither Varland nor Demers (nor the additionally relied upon references) teaches or suggests certain of the claimed limitations.

The example limitations at issue for purposes of this request for review, using independent Claim 1 as an example, relate to: 1) receiving a preference profile from a mobile terminal related to at least one other user, 2) saving said received data, and 3) sending a notification to each of the mobile terminals related to determined users, where each of these operations is performed by the mobile terminal device which received the preference profile (emphasis added). To establish a prima facie § 103(a) rejection of at least independent Claims 1, 5, 10, 15, and 17, these limitations must be present in Varland, Demers, or the additionally relied-upon references, as the Examiner alleges.

The claimed invention is directed to a single mobile terminal device operating as a server for other mobile terminals. However, the Office Action has not identified a single device that performs each of the operations of the claimed mobile terminal. In contrast, the Office Action relies on multiple devices set forth in Varland. To illustrate this lack of correspondence, the following Chart 1 shows the different devices relied upon in Varland as corresponding to the claimed mobile terminal device of Appellant's Claim 1.

Chart 1

Appellant's Claim 1	Varland
receiving, in a mobile terminal device related to a user, a preference profile including identification data and preference data related to at least another user, from a mobile terminal related to said at least one other user	Encoded versions of the clearinghouse unit's client database are sent to the <u>operators</u> . (page 2, lines 1-2) or The operators send a position signal to the position database of the <u>clearinghouse unit</u> . (page 2, lines 9-14)
saving said received identification data and said received preference data in a user database	The service providers transfer personal information to the <u>clearinghouse unit</u> where it may be stored. (page 6, lines 19-23)
comparing, in the mobile terminal device which received the preference profile, said received preference data with the preference data contained in the user database	Clearinghouse unit 26
determining, in the mobile terminal device which received the preference profile, a plurality of users having said substantially matching preference data	Clearinghouse unit 26
sending a notification, from the mobile terminal device which received the preference profile, to each of said mobile terminals related to said determined users	The operators notify the first and second clients. (page 2, lines 14-22)

As may be seen in the chart, no single device has been asserted as corresponding to each of the operations performed by the claimed mobile terminal device.

Moreover, several of the asserted portions of Varland do not correspond to the claimed limitations. For example, neither the asserted operators nor the clearinghouse unit receive client database information (asserted as corresponding to the claimed preference profile) from a mobile terminal related to said at least one other user, as claimed. Rather, the citations indicate that the operators receive the information from the clearinghouse unit and the clearinghouse unit receives the position signal from the operators. Also, the asserted personal information saved by the clearinghouse unit is received from service providers, not from a mobile terminal related to said at least one other user, as claimed. Without a presentation of correspondence to each of the claimed limitations, the § 103(a) rejections are improper, and Appellant accordingly requests that the rejections be

A similar error occurs in the rejection of independent Claims 3, 12, and 22. The asserted alignment of Varland to the claimed limitations relies on different devices as corresponding to the claimed server as illustrated in Chart 2 below.

Chart 2

Appellant's Claim 1	Varland
sending a preference profile including identification data and preference data of a user to a server, wherein the server is a mobile terminal device with access to a multiple access online application and related to another user	Encoded versions of the clearinghouse unit's client database are sent to the <u>operators</u> . (page 2, lines 1-4) or The operators send a position signal to the position database of the <u>clearinghouse unit</u> . (page 2, lines 9-14)
receiving a notification from said server, said notification comprising an offer to get access to said multiple access online application according to said preference data, wherein said notification comprises data to enable an access of said user to said multiple access online application	The service provider receives an activation signal from the clearinghouse unit. (Claim 4) The service provider sends an initiation signal to the first and second clients. (Claim 4)

Notably, the only device asserted as having access to a multiple access online application (and therefore corresponding to the claimed server) is the service provider. However, the asserted alignment does not provide correspondence to sending a preference profile to a service provider. Therefore, the asserted alignment of Varland fails to correspond to each of the limitations of the independent claims.

Varland is directed to a system using an intermediary clearinghouse unit to match clients while maintaining the clients' privacy. In contrast, the claimed invention involves direct communication

between mobile terminals and a server mobile terminal device. Thus, merely replacing one or all of the

devices of Varland with a mobile terminal device as asserted would still fail to correspond to the claimed invention. Notably, Demers is silent with respect to comparing, matching, and sending

notifications regarding preference profiles in a mobile terminal device as claimed. Since Varland

does not teach the claim limitations as asserted, and none of the additionally relied upon references overcome the deficiencies in Varland, each of the § 103(a) rejections is improper. Appellant accordingly

requests that each of the rejections be reversed.

It is respectfully submitted that there is an omission of an essential element needed for a

prima facie obviousness rejection. None of the asserted references teaches or suggests at least a mobile terminal device performing each of the claimed operations. Because none of the asserted

references involves or otherwise addresses a mobile terminal device as claimed, Appellant

believes these claim limitations are improperly being overlooked, and consequently there is an

omission of an essential element(s) required for a prima facie rejection.

It is Appellant's position that the Examiner's reliance on at least the combination of

Varland and Demers as teaching the claimed mobile terminal device is inappropriate, as neither

Varland nor Demers has been shown to address this.

Appellant believes that this statement, when viewed together with the prosecution history,

sets forth clear grounds for a finding that the rejections based at least upon Varland and Demers are improper and without basis.

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The undersigned is of record and with authority to prosecute the appeal on behalf of the Assignee.

Respectfully submitted,

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